addition to, termination of the facility's Medicare provider agreement; and

(2) Makes certain provisions of section 1128A of the Act applicable to civil money penalties imposed on SNFs.

(j) Section 1891(e) of the Act provides that, for home health agencies (HHAs) found to be out of compliance with the conditions of participation, specified remedies may be imposed instead of, or in addition to, termination of the HHA's Medicare provider agreement.

(k) Section 1891(f) of the Act—

(1) Requires the Secretary to develop a range of such remedies; and

(2) Makes certain provisions of section 1128A of the Act applicable to civil money penalties imposed on HHAs.

[52 FR 22446, June 12, 1987, as amended at 59 FR 56251, Nov. 10, 1994; 61 FR 32349, June 24, 1996]

§ 498.2 Definitions.

As used in this part—

Affected party means a provider, prospective provider, supplier, prospective supplier, or practitioner that is affected by an initial determination or by any subsequent determination or decision issued under this part, and "party" means the affected party or CMS (or the OIG), as appropriate.

ALJ stands for Administrative Law Judge.

Departmental Appeals Board or *Board* means a Board established in the Office of the Secretary to provide impartial review of disputed decisions made by the operating components of the Department.

OHA stands for the Social Security Administration's Office of Hearings and Appeals.

OIG stands for the Department's Office of the Inspector General.

Provider means a hospital, critical access hospital (CAH), skilled nursing facility (SNF), comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF), home health agency (HHA), or hospice, that has in effect an agreement to participate in Medicare, that has in effect an agreement to participate in Medicaid, or a clinic, rehabilitation agency, or public health agency that has a similar agreement but only to furnish outpatient physical therapy or outpatient speech pathology services, and *prospective provider* means any of the listed entities that seeks to participate in Medicare as a provider or to have any facility or organization determined to be a department of the provider or provider-based entity under §413.65 of this chapter.

Supplier means an independent laboratory, supplier of portable X-ray services, rural health clinic (RHC), Federally qualified health center (FQHC), ambulatory surgical center (ASC), organ procurement organization (OPO), an entity approved by CMS to furnish outpatient diabetes self-management training, or end-stage renal disease (ESRD) treatment facility that is approved by CMS as meeting the conditions for coverage of its services, and *prospective supplier* means any of the listed entities that seeks to be approved for coverage of its services under Medicare. (However, for purposes of the sanctions and penalties that may be imposed by the OIG, the term *supplier* has the meaning specified in §1001.2 of this title.)

[52 FR 22446, June 12, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 6551, March 1, 1988; 57 FR 24984, June 12, 1992; 58 FR 30677, May 26, 1993; 59 FR 6579, Feb. 11, 1994; 59 FR 56251, Nov. 10, 1994; 61 FR 32350, June 24, 1996; 62 FR 46037, Aug. 29, 1997; 65 FR 18549, Apr. 7, 2000; 65 FR 83154, Dec. 29, 2000]

§ 498.3 Scope and applicability.

(a) *Scope.* (1) This part sets forth procedures for reviewing initial determinations that CMS makes with respect to the matters specified in paragraph (b) of this section, and that the OIG makes with respect to the matters specified in paragraph (c) of this section. It also specifies, in paragraph (d) of this section, administrative actions that are not subject to appeal under this part.

(2) The determinations listed in this section affect participation in the Medicare program. Many of the procedures of this part also apply to other determinations that do not affect participation in Medicare. Some examples follow:

(i) CMS's determination to terminate an NF's Medicaid provider agreement.

(ii) CMS's determination to cancel the approval of an ICF/MR under section 1910(b) of the Act.